

# INDIAN GEOGRAPHY

*Objective*

**Applicable For All Competitive Exams**

**1250+ Sure Questions**

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# QUESTIONS WITH ANSWERS

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## Physiology of India

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**1. Which state has smallest land area? [IAS 2003]**

- (a) Goa
- (b) Nagaland
- (c) Sikkim
- (d) Tripura

Ans: (a)

**2. The climate of India is mainly tropical because: [CDS 2002]**

- (a) of the location of the Himalayas in its North
- (b) major part of India lies within the tropics
- (c) of the overpowering influence of India Ocean
- (d) of the seasonal influence of jet streams

Ans: (a)

**3. The two volcanic islands in the Indian territory are: [CDS 2002]**

- (a) Kavaratti and New Moor
- (b) Bitra and Kavaratti
- (c) Pamban and Barren
- (d) Narcondam and Barren

Ans: (d)

**4. Among the following Union Territories of India, which one has the largest size? [CDS 2002]**

- (a) Pondicherry

- (b) Lakshadweep
- (c) Daman and Diu
- (d) Chandigarh

Ans: (a)

**5. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched? [CDS 1999]**

- (a) Plimsoll Line : India and Afghanistan
- (b) Durand Line : India and Myanmar
- (c) Macmohan Line : India and Nepal
- (d) Radcliffe Line : India and Pakistan

Ans: (d)

**6. Duncan Passage is situated between: [CDS 1999]**

- (a) Minicoy and Amindiv
- (b) Minicoy and Maldives
- (c) Little Andaman and Car Nicobar
- (d) South Andaman and Little Andaman

Ans: (d)

**7. Ten Degree Channel is between: [CDS 2011]**

- (a) Dover and Calais
- (b) Alaska and Russia
- (c) Little Andaman and Car Nicobar
- (d) North Korea and South Korea

Ans: (c)

**8. If the usual rule of calculation of time were applied for the extremes of Gujrat and Arunachal Pradesh, then approximately time: [CPO AC 2003]**

- (a) at Gujrat would be ahead of that at Arunachal Pradesh by about 3 hours
- (b) at Gujrat would be ahead of that at Arunachal Pradesh by about 2 hours
- (c) at Arunachal Pradesh would be ahead of that at Gujrat by about 3 hours
- (d) at Arunachal Pradesh would be ahead of that at Gujrat by about 2 hours

Ans: (d)

**9. 'Indian Standard Meridian' passes through the states of UP, MP: [CDS 2000]**

- (a) AP and Karnataka
- (b) AP and Tamil Nadu
- (c) Karnataka and Tamil Nadu
- (d) Orissa and AP

Ans: (d)

**10. The Lakshadweep Islands are situated in : [Bank PO 2007]**

- (a) Indian Ocean

- (b) Arabian Sea
- (c) Bay of Bengal
- (d) none of these

Ans: (b)

**11. Which foreign country is closest to Andaman Islands? [CPO SI 2003]**

- (a) Sri Lanka
- (b) Myanmar
- (c) Indonesia
- (d) Pakistan

Ans: (b)

**12. Which one of the following States shares boundaries with the maximum number of other States of India ? [CPO AC 2003]**

- (a) Madhya Pradesh
- (b) Maharashtra
- (c) Assam
- (d) Bihar

Ans: (c)

**13. Jharkhand does not share boundary with: [CPO AC 2003]**

- (a) West Bengal
- (b) Orissa
- (c) Chhattisgarh
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

Ans: (d)

**14. Which of the following is east of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands?**

- (a) Thailand
- (b) Sri Lanka
- (c) Indonesia
- (d) All of them

Ans: (c)

**15. The States which have common borders with China are:**

1. Jammu and Kashmir
  2. Sikkim
  3. Arunachal Pradesh
  4. Himachal Pradesh
- (a) 1, 3 and 4
  - (b) 1, 2 and 3
  - (c) 1 and 3
  - (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

- (c) It is drained by the river Jhelum  
 (d) Previously it was a bed of a great lake, subsequently uplifted.

Ans: (b)

**61. Match the following: [IAS 2007]**

Valley	State
A. Dzukou Valley	1. Himachal Pradesh
B. Yumthang Valley	2. Sikkim
C. Neora Valley	3. Nagaland
D. Sangla Valley	4. West Bengal

	A	B	C	D
(a)	1	2	4	3
(b)	1	4	2	3
(c)	3	2	4	1
(d)	3	4	2	1

Ans: (c)

**62. Match the following: [CDS 2001]**

Mountain passes in Himalayas	States
A. Changla	1. Arunachal Pradesh
B. Shipkila	2. Himachal Pradesh
C. Zozila	3. Jammu and Kashmir
D. Bomdila	

	A	B	C	D
(a)	3	2	3	1
(b)	3	2	4	1
(c)	2	3	4	1
(d)	3	1	4	2

Ans: (a)

**63. Considering the location of mountains in India which one of the following is in right sequence from south to north? [NDA 1992]**

- (a) Dodabetta, Kailash, Dhaulagiri, Vindhyachal  
 (b) Dodabetta, Vindhyachal, Dhaulagiri, Kailash  
 (c) Dhaulagiri, Kailash, Dodabetta, Vindhyachal  
 (d) Dhaulagiri, Vindhyachal, Dodabetta, Kailash

Ans: (b)

**64. Siwaliks are: [IFS 1989]**

- (a) to the north of Himadri
- (b) foothills of Himalayan ranges
- (c) in Meghalaya
- (d) the plateau between Pamirs and Myanmar

Ans: (b)

**65. Palghat joins which of the following states? [Stenographers' Exam 1994]**

- (a) Sikkim and West Bengal
- (b) Maharashtra and Gujarat
- (c) Kerala and Tamil Nadu
- (d) Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim

Ans: (c)

**66. Consider the following statements:**

1. Cherrapunji is located on the south side of Garo hills.
2. Cherrapunji is about 1700 m above mean sea level.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? [IAS 2008]

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans: (c)

**67. \_\_\_\_\_ forms the western boundary of the Indian sub-continent.**

- (a) Aravalli
- (b) Pirpanjal
- (c) Karakoram
- (d) Hindukush

Ans: (d)

**68. Why is it that the Himalayan region is poor in mineral resources?**

- (a) Displacement of rock strata has disturbed the arrangement of rocks and made it complex
- (b) It is made up of crystalline rock
- (c) the terrain makes exploitation of minerals difficult
- (d) The climatic conditions are not suitable, for exploitation of minerals

Ans: (a)

**69. Which one of the following gives the correct sequence of Himalayan peaks in the direction east to west?**

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? [IAS 2004]

- (a) only 1
- (b) only 2
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans: (d)

**177. Amongst the following Indian States which one has the minimum total forest cover?  
[IAS 2004]**

- (a) Sikkim
- (b) Goa
- (c) Haryana
- (d) Kerala

Ans: (c)

**178. Among the Union Territories which has the highest literacy rate?**

- (a) Lakshadweep
- (b) Pondicherry
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Daman and Diu

Ans: (a)

**179. The percentage of literates in India is :**

- (a) almost equal among males and females
- (b) lower among males than females
- (c) higher among males than females
- (d) lower in urban areas than in rural areas

Ans: (c)

**180. Why is that India has one of the lowest agricultural yields in the world?**

- (a) Summers are very hot
- (b) Lack of fertile soil
- (c) Farmers being poor and illiterate do not use modern farming techniques
- (d) Occurrence of frost at night

Ans: (c)

**181. To which group do the tribals of central and southern India belong?**

- (a) Proto-Australoids
- (b) Negritos
- (c) Mongoloids
- (d) Brachycephals

Ans: (a)

**182. Why has the Green Revolution benefitted only a small section of India?**

- (a) Large dependence on manual labour
- (b) Poor storage facilities
- (c) Poor farm management and administration
- (d) All of the above

Ans: (d)

**183. Which one among the following is nearest to the Tropic of Cancer? [CDS 2004]**

- (a) Agra
- (b) Delhi
- (c) Gwalior
- (d) Jhansi

Ans: (d)

**184. Match the following:**

**Place of Tourist Interest**

**Indian State**

A. Araku Valley

1. Andhra Pradesh

B. Dalhousie

2. Himachal Pradesh

C. Kodaikkanal

3. Kerala

D. Munnar

4. Tamil Nadu

5. Uttaranchal

6. Uttar Pradesh

A

B

C

D

(a) 6                      3                      1                      5

(b) 1                      2                      4                      3

(c) 1                      3                      4                      5

(d) 6                      2                      1                      3

Ans: (b)

**185. The Tropic of Cancer passes through: [NDA 2004]**

- (a) Bihar
- (b) Gujarat
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) Orissa

Ans: (b)

**186. The present demographic transition of India is indicative of: [IAS 2004]**

- (a) High population growth potential but low actual growth

- (b) High population growth potential and high actual growth
- (c) Partial industrialised economy
- (d) Typically increasing urbanization

Ans: (d)

**187. Match the following: [NDA 2004]**

Tourist Place	State
A. Amber Fort	1. Uttar Pradesh
B. Auroville	2. Pondicherry
C. Buland Darwaza	3. Karnataka
D. Gol Gumbaz	4. Rajasthan
	5. Madhya Pradesh
	6. Tamil Nadu

	A	B	C	D
(a)	4	6	1	2
(b)	1	2	5	3
(c)	4	2	1	3
(d)	1	6	5	2

Ans: (c)

**188. Which one of the following pairs of states and tribes is not correctly matched? [IAS 1999]**

- (a) Assam: Miri
- (b) Nagaland : Konyak
- (c) Arunachal Pradesh : Apatani
- (d) Madhya Pradesh : Lambada

Ans: (d)

**189. Which of the following is/are correct about the Rann of Kachchh ?**

1. It is a flat saline marsh land
2. It is in Rajasthan
3. It is the home of the Indian Wild Ass
4. It is a unique land formation supporting several singular species of fauna

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 3 and 4
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Ans: (c)

**91. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?**

<b>River</b>	<b>City</b>
(a) Gomti	Lucknow
(b) Saryu	Ayodhya
(c) Alaknanda	Badrinath
(d) Narmada	Satna

Ans: (d)

**92. Match the following: [IAS 2004]**

<b>Beaches in India</b>	<b>States</b>
A. Gopinath Beach	1. Andhra Pradesh
B. Lawsons Bay Beach	2. Kerala
C. Devbagh Beach	3. Gujarat
D. Sinquerim Beach	4. Goa
	5. Karnataka

	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>
(a)	5	4	3	1
(b)	3	1	5	4
(c)	5	1	2	4
(d)	3	4	5	1

Ans: (b)

**93. Which one of the following rivers flow between Vindhyan and Satpura ranges? [NDA 2008]**

- (a) Narmada
- (b) Son
- (c) Mahe
- (d) Netravati

Ans: (a)

**94. Amravati, Bhavani, Hemavati and Kabini are tributaries of which one of the following rivers? [NDA 2008]**

- (a) Mahanadi
- (b) Godavari
- (c) Cauvery
- (d) Krishna

Ans: (c)

**95. Consider the following rivers:**

1. Betwa
2. Kosi
3. Gandak

Which of the above joint(s) Yamuna river? [NDA 2008]

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2
- (c) 1 and 3
- (d) 2 and 3

Ans: (d)

**96. Which of the following tributaries of the Ganga System flows northwards? [CDS 2008]**

- (a) Kosi
- (b) Ghaghara
- (c) Gandak
- (d) Sone

Ans: (d)

**97. Match the following: [Asstt Commdt 2011]**

River	Tributary
A. Godavari	1. Son
B. Krishna	2. Chambal
C. Yamuna	3. Bhima
D. Ganga	4. Manjira

	A	B	C	D
(a)	4	3	2	1
(b)	4	2	3	1
(c)	1	2	3	4
(d)	1	3	2	4

Ans: (a)

**98. Which one of the following cities is not located on the bank of river Ganga? [BPSC 2011]**

- (a) Fatehpur
- (b) Bhagalpur
- (c) Uttarkashi
- (d) Kanpur

Ans: (c)

**99. The Brahmaputra, Irrawady and Mekong rivers originate in Tibet and flow through narrow and parallel mountain ranges in their upper reaches: Of these rivers, Brahmaputra makes a "U" turn in its course to flow into India. This "U" turn is due to [CSAT 2011]**

- (a) Uplift of folded Himalayan series
- (b) Syntaxial bending of geologically young Himalayas
- (c) Geo-tectonic disturbance in the tertiary folded mountain chains
- (d) Both (a) and (b) above

Ans: (d)

**100. Among the following rivers, which one is the longest? [Asstt Comm 2008]**

- (a) Godavari
- (b) Krishna
- (c) Mahanadi
- (d) Narmada

Ans: (a)

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## **Indian Soil, Seasons and Natural Vegetation**

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**1. The formation of laterite soil is mainly due to:**

- (a) weathering
- (b) erosion
- (c) leaching
- (d) deposition

Ans: (c)

**2. Which of the following are the components of loamy soils?**

- 1. Red soil
- 2. Clay soil
- 3. Alluvial soil
- 4. Silt soil
- 5. Sandy soil

**99. Which one of the following pairs of cities have the largest annual average rain difference as compared to the other three pairs? [IAS 2008]**

- (a) Jabalpur and Nagpur
- (b) Mumbai and Pune
- (c) Kolkata and Bhubaneswar
- (d) Guwahati and Shillong

Ans: (b)

**100. With reference to Indian forests, consider the following pairs:**

1. Tropical Moist Deciduous Forests Sandalwood (*Santalum album*)
2. Tropical Dry Deciduous Forests: (*Shorea robusta*)
3. Tropical Thorn Forests: Shisham (*Dalbergia sissoo*)

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched? [IAS 2001]

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (b)

**101. Which one of the following types of forest covers the maximum area in India? [NDA 2001]**

- (a) Tropical rain forest
- (b) Tropical moist deciduous forest
- (c) Tropical dry deciduous forest
- (d) Tropical dry evergreen forest

Ans: (b)

**102. Among the following, which State has highest level of literacy? [NDA 2001]**

- (a) Mizoram
- (b) West Bengal
- (c) Gujarat
- (d) Punjab

Ans: (a)

**103. Which one of the following states has the largest forest area to its total land area? [CDS 2001]**

- (a) Mizoram
- (b) Arunachal Pradesh
- (c) Sikkim
- (d) Jammu and Kashmir

Ans: (a)

**104. Which one of the following is a global biodiversity hotspot in India? [CDS 2001]**

- (a) Western Ghats
- (b) Western Himalayas
- (c) Eastern Ghats
- (d) Northern Himalayas

Ans: (a)

**105. Which one among the following types of forests exhibits highest bio-diversity ? [Asstt Comm 2001]**

- (a) Dry deciduous forest
- (b) Tropical rain forest
- (c) Moist deciduous forest
- (d) Mangrove forest

Ans: (b)

**106. 1. The Shivaliks have tropical moist deciduous flora.**

**2. The Bundelkhand plateau has thorn and scrub forest type of vegetation.**

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? [Asstt Comm 2008]

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans: (c)

**107. Among the following places, which one receives comparatively lowest average monsoon rainfall from June to September? [Asstt Comm 2008]**

- (a) Eastern Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Southern West Bengal
- (c) Punjab
- (d) Western Uttar Pradesh

Ans: (d)

**108. At which one of the following places is the monkey called Lion-tailed macaque naturally found? [Asstt Comm 2008]**

- (a) Shivaliks
- (b) Pachmarhi
- (c) Nallamalai hills
- (d) Nilgiris

Ans: (d)

**109. Consider the following statements:**

- (a) Leh
- (b) Barmer
- (c) Jaisalmer
- (d) Bikaner

Ans: (a)

**128. Indian monsoon is marked by seasonal shift caused by: [Teachers' Exam 1994]**

- (a) differential heating of land and sea
- (b) cold winds of Central Asia
- (c) great uniformity of temperature
- (d) None of these

Ans: (a)

**129. Rainfall in India is not associated with:**

- (a) orography
- (b) convection
- (c) cyclones
- (d) anticyclones

Ans: (d)

**130. Which of the following statements is not true?**

- (a) The intensity of monsoons is determined by tropical depressions
- (b) Tamil Nadu receives rainfall from north-east monsoon
- (c) Andhra Pradesh is not much affected by retreating south-west monsoon
- (d) All are correct

Ans: (d)

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## **Indian Agriculture and Animal Husbandry**

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**1. Which one of the following statements is not correct? [CDS 2003]**

- (a) India is the highest oil-seeds and vegetable oil producing country in the world
- (b) India is the second largest exporter of jute goods in the world

Ans: (a)

**70. Which of the following is not a plantation crop?**

- (a) Coffee
- (b) Rubber
- (c) Sugarcane
- (d) Tea

Ans: (c)

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## Indian Minerals and Industries

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**1. The Himalayan region is poor in mineral resources because: [IAS 2004]**

- (a) it is made of crystalline rocks
- (b) the displacement of rock strata has disturbed the arrangement of rock and made it complex
- (c) the climatic conditions are not suitable for exploitation of minerals
- (d) the terrain makes exploitation of minerals difficult and very costly due to transport difficulties

Ans: (b)

**2. Which of the following is false?**

- (a) Mica is usually found in metamorphic and igneous rocks
- (b) Aluminium has the advantage over iron as it is resistant to corrosion
- (c) zinc is mostly used in galvanising iron and steel goods
- (d) Manganese is largely used in making fertilizers

Ans: (d)

**3. Match the following:**

**Place**

**Power Project**

A. Kalpakkam

1. Thermal power project

B. Kolkata

2. Nuclear power project

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**Indian Transportation,  
Communication / National Parks  
and Sanctuaries**

B. Dehong Debang

2. Uttaranchal

C. Nokrek

3. Arunachal Pradesh

D. Kanchenjunga

4. Odisha

5. Meghalaya

	A	B	C	D
(a)	1	3	5	4
(b)	4	5	2	1
(c)	1	5	2	4
(d)	4	3	5	1

Ans: (d)

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## Fundamental MCQs

### Indian Geography

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1. Which of the following is a trans-Himalayan river?

- (a) Ganga
- (b) Yamuna
- (c) Sutlej
- (d) Ravi

Ans: (c)

2. Which of the following rivers lies in a rift valley?

- (a) Luni
- (b) Chambal
- (c) Son
- (d) Tapi

**225. Mahi Project will greatly benefit**

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Punjab
- (c) Gujarat
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

Ans: (c)

**226. Which of the following projects is administered by more than one State?**

- (a) Nagarjunasagar
- (b) Kosi
- (c) Hirakud
- (d) Tungabhadra

Ans: (d)

**227. Which region in India is known as the 'Rice Bowl of India'?**

- (a) Indo-Gangetic Plain
- (b) Krishna-Godavari Delta region
- (c) North-East region
- (d) Kerala and Tamil Nadu

Ans: (b)

**228. The States involved In the Dandakaranya Project are**

- (a) Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra and Karnataka
- (b) Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu
- (c) Odisha, Madhya Pradesh, and Andhra Pradesh
- (d) Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh

Ans: (c)

**229. Match the following:**

List-I

List-II

- |                       |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| A. Beas Project       | 1. Krishna    |
| B. Nagarjunasagar Dam | 2. Godavari   |
| C. Ukai Project       | 3. Bhagirathi |
| D. Pochampad Project  | 4. Tapi       |
| E. Tehri Project      | 5. Pong Dam   |

Codes:

	A	B	C	D	E
(a)	4	1	5	2	3
(b)	5	1	4	2	3
(c)	5	1	2	4	3
(d)	1	4	3	2	5

Ans: (b)

**230. Which of the following hydro-electric stations is situated in Uttar Pradesh?**

- (a) Mayurakshi
- (b) Rihand
- (c) Kangsabati
- (d) Hirakud

Ans: (b)

**231. Hidkal Dam is on the river**

- (a) Krishna
- (b) Cauvery
- (c) Pennar
- (d) Ghataprabha

Ans: (d)

**232. The multipurpose project irrigating maximum area in India**

- (b) United Kingdom
- (c) Former USSR
- (d) Germany

Ans: (c)

**301. Which of the following fertilizer plants is not in the public sector?**

- (a) Bhatinda
- (b) Nangal
- (c) Kota
- (d) Gorakhpur

Ans: (c)

**302. The deepest mine in Asia is**

- (a) Jaduguda mine
- (b) Kolar Gold mine
- (c) Suladesi mine
- (d) West Irian mine

Ans: (b)

**303. "The Dowlaiswaram Anicut" is an important canal system in the**

- (a) Godavari Delta
- (b) Krishna Delta
- (c) Ganga Delta
- (d) Cauvery Delta

Ans: (a)

**304. One-tenth of the total salt produced in India comes from**

- (a) Tamil Nadu Coast
- (b) Sambhar Lake
- (c) Chilka Lake

(d) Wular Lake

Ans: (b)

**305. In which part of India is Dogri spoken?**

- (a) West Bengal
- (b) Assam
- (c) Jammu and Kashmir
- (d) Rajasthan

Ans: (c)

**306. The Gobindsagar Reservoir is in**

- (a) Mettur Dam
- (b) Bhakra Dam
- (c) Ranjit Sagar Dam
- (d) Rajasthan Canal

Ans: (b)

**307. 'Sagar Samrat' is**

- (a) an oil drilling platform in Mumbai High
- (b) an island in Indian Ocean
- (c) a ship used for Antarctica expedition
- (d) a space craft

Ans: (a)

**308. Which one of the following types of erosion is responsible for the formation of Chambal Ravines?**

- (a) Splash
- (b) Sheet
- (c) Rill
- (d) Gully

Ans: (d)

**588. Which of the following States has the most critical problem of erosion of its coastal areas by the sea?**

- (a) Kerala
- (b) Andhra Pradesh
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Tamil Nadu

Ans: (a)

**589. Coal is an example of**

- (a) Igneous rocks
- (b) Sedimentary rocks
- (c) Metamorphic rocks
- (d) None of the above

Ans: (b)

**590. River Luni drains into**

- (a) Kerala Coast
- (b) Ganga delta
- (c) Godavari delta
- (d) Rann of Kachchh

Ans: (d)

**591. The State in India which produces the largest quantity of common salt is**

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Kerala
- (c) Maharashtra
- (d) Gujarat

Ans: (d)

**592. Urea is prepared by the chemical reactions of**

- (a) Ammonium sulphate and calcium chloride

- (b) Ammonia and carbon dioxide
- (c) Chlorine and water
- (d) Acetamide and ethyl alcohol

Ans: (b)

**593. For the study of climate which of the following is not relevant?**

- (a) Flash point
- (b) Steenson screen
- (c) Dew point
- (d) Hygrogram

Ans: (a)

**594. The famous Amarnath and Vaishnodevi shrines are located in the State of**

- (a) Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Jammu and Kashmir

Ans: (d)

**595. Which of the following is not a seed borne disease?**

- (a) Redrot of sugarcane
- (b) Potato mosaic
- (c) Brown leaf spot of rice
- (d) Black gram of cotton

Ans: (b)

**596. The Buckincham Canal is an inland water way in**

- (a) United Kingdom
- (b) Australia
- (c) India

(d) New Zealand

Ans: (c)

**597. The Chennai – Bengaluru – Coimbatore - Madurai region is**

- \_\_\_\_\_.
- (a) A major industrial region
  - (b) A major agricultural region
  - (c) Mangrove forest region
  - (d) Dry Mountainous (Hilly) region

Ans: (a)

**598. In which of the following states are the Aravalli mountains located**

- (a) Jammu and Kashmir
- (b) Rajasthan
- (c) Himachal Pradesh
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

Ans: (c)

**599. Which of the following is not one of the reasons why the northern mountains are of great importance to India**

- (a) They protect the country from invasion
- (b) They influence the climate
- (c) They provide water to the plains
- (d) They possess valuable vegetation and animal life

Ans: (a)

**600. Which of the following statements about the Himalayan rivers is not correct?**

- (a) They have very large basins
- (b) Many of them pass through giant gorges
- (c) They perform very little erosion activity

(d) Over the plain they display a strong meandering tendency and often shift their beds

Ans: (c)

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